Isaiah "The **Evangelical** Prophet"

I. God's *Denunciation* of <u>Judah</u> (1:1-12:6)

II. God's Denunciations against other Nations

(13:1-23:18)

- A. The *Judgment* against **Babylon** (13:1-22)
- B. The *Judgment* of the <u>King</u> of Babylon (14:1-23)
- C. The *Judgment* against <u>Assyria</u> (14:24-27)
- D. The *Judgment* against **Philistia** (14:28-32)
- E. The *Judgment* against **Moab** (15:1-16:14)
- F. The *Judgment* against <u>Aram</u> (Syria) and Her *Ally* <u>Ephraim</u> (Israel) (17:1-14)
- G. The *Judgment* against **Ethiopia** (18:1-7)
- H. The *Judgment* against **Egypt** (19:1-20:6)
- I. The *Judgment* against <u>Babylon</u> (21:1-10)
- J. The *Judgment* against **Edom** (21:11-12)
- K. The *Judgment* against <u>Arabia</u> (21:13-17)

L. The *Judgment* against <u>Jerusalem</u> (22:1-25)

1. A *Dire* Condition (22:1-7)

22 The **oracle** concerning the **valley of vision**. What is the matter with you now, that you have all **gone up** to the **housetops?**

² You who were full of **noise**, you **boisterous town**, you **exultant city**; Your **slain** were **not slain** with the **sword**, **nor** did they die in **battle**.

³ All your rulers have <u>fled</u> together, and have been captured without the bow;
All of you who were found were taken captive together, though they had fled far away.

⁴Therefore *I* say, "Turn your eyes away from me, Let me weep bitterly, do not try to comfort me concerning the destruction of the daughter of my people."

⁵ For the **Lord God of hosts** has a **day of** *panic, subjugation* and *confusion* in the <u>valley of vision</u>, a breaking down of **walls** and a **crying** to the **mountain**. ⁶ Elam took up the *quiver* with the *chariots*, *infantry* and *horsemen*; and **Kir** uncovered the *shield*.

⁷Then your **choicest valleys** were full of **chariots**, and the **horsemen** took up **fixed positions** at the **gate**.

2. A Desperate "last minute" <u>Defense</u> (22:8-11)

⁸ And **He** *removed* the <u>defense</u> of Judah. In *that day* you **depended** on the **weapons** of the *house* of the **forest**,

⁹ and you saw that the *breaches* in the *wall* of the city of David were many; and you collected the *waters* of the lower pool.

¹⁰ Then you counted the *houses* of Jerusalem and *tore down* houses to fortify the wall.

¹¹ And you made a <u>reservoir</u> between the **two walls** for the **waters** of the **old pool**.

But you **did not depend** on **Him** who **made it**, **nor** did you take into **consideration Him** who **planned it** long ago.

3. A *Detached* Response (22:12-14)

¹² Therefore in *that day* the Lord GoD of hosts called *you* to *weeping*, to *wailing*, to *shaving* the head and to wearing *sackcloth*.

¹³ Instead, there is **gaiety** and **gladness**, killing of **cattle** and slaughtering of **sheep**, eating of **meat** and drinking of **wine**:

"Let us eat and drink, for tomorrow we may die."

¹⁴ But the LORD of hosts revealed Himself to me, "Surely this iniquity shall not be forgiven you until you die," says the Lord GoD of hosts.

4. A *Deposing* of the **self-centered** Shebna (22:15-19)

¹⁵ Thus says the **Lord GoD of hosts**, "Come, go to this <u>steward</u>, to <u>Shebna</u>, who is *in charge* of the *royal* household,

What right do you have here, and whom do you have here, that you have hewn a tomb for yourself here, you who hew a tomb on the height, you who carve a resting place for yourself in the rock?

¹⁷ 'Behold, the LORD is about to hurl you headlong, O man. and He is about to grasp you firmly and roll you tightly like a ball, to be cast into a vast country; there you will die and there your splendid chariots will be, you shame of your master's house.'

¹⁹ "I will <u>depose</u> you from your *office*, and I will **pull you** *down* from your *station*.

5. A *Divine* elevating of the servant <u>Eliakim</u> (22:20-25)

that I will summon **My servant** Eliakim the son of **Hilkiah**, and I will clothe *him* with **your tunic** and tie **your sash** securely about *him*.

I will <u>entrust</u> him with your <u>authority</u>, and he will become *a father* to the inhabitants of **Jerusalem** and to the **house of Judah**.

²² "Then I will set the <u>key</u> of the house of David on his shoulder, when he opens <u>no one</u> will shut, when he shuts <u>no one</u> will open.

²³ "I will **drive him** *like* a <u>peg</u> in a *firm place*, and **he** will become a **throne of** *glory* to his **father's house**.

²⁴ So they will **hang** *on him* all the *glory* of his **father's house**, **offspring** and **issue**, all the *least* of **vessels**, from **bowls** to all the **jars**.

²⁵ In *that day*," declares the LORD of hosts, "the <u>peg</u> driven in a **firm place** will <u>give way</u>; it will even *break off* and *fall*, and the **load hanging** on it will be *cut off*, for the LORD has spoken."

Personal Application

- 1. Our chapter begins by describing the *dire* condition of Jerusalem at this time. The city that was once "boisterous" and "exultant," was now facing <u>destruction</u> as they were under siege from the mighty army of Assyria. Isaiah was so distressed that he wept "bitterly," and refused to be comforted (22:4). He was *greatly* troubled because:
 - a. Their rulers had fled, and were *captured* even without a fight (22:3)
 - b. Their **choicest valleys** were "**full** of (**Assyrian**) **chariots**," and **horsemen** had taken up *fixed* **positions** at the **gate** (22:7)
 - c. The **Lord** had **removed** the *defense* of **Judah** (22:8a)

- d. Though they had **weapons**, the <u>wall</u> of the city contained many <u>breaches</u>, and their <u>water supply</u> was *low*. They had to **tear down houses** for **materials** to *fortify* the <u>wall</u>, and had to make a **reservoir** for **water** (22:8b-11a)
- e. They **failed** to **depend** upon **the Lord** who had **planned** and **provided** for them from **long ago** (22:11b)
- *Personal Application As believers, we too are under siege from an enemy that seeks to 'breach our walls," and bring about our destruction. We too face strong enemies, whether they be from the world, our own fleshly lusts, or from our long-time adversary, the devil (I John 2:16, I Peter 5:8). However, we can "be strong in the Lord and in the power of His might, and put on His "spiritual" armor, that we may be able to "resist in the evil day, and having done everything, to stand firm." (Ephesians 6:10-18)
- 2. Isaiah wrote that the inhabitants of Jerusalem, while facing impending destruction from this siege of their city, did <u>not</u> turn to God in <u>repentance</u> and <u>mourning</u>. Instead, they turned to gaiety and partying, carelessly accepting what they felt was their fate without realizing that they would be held accountable for their iniquity (22:12-14).
 - *Personal Application As believers, we are warned about having this kind of hopelessness and fatalism when facing hardship and perilous times. Rabbi Paul even quoted these words in Isaiah (22:13), as he encouraged believers to maintain their hope in the resurrection from the dead (I Cor. 15:32). When hardships come, instead of turning to careless revelry as does the world, let us:

Prepare our *minds* for action, and keep <u>sober</u> in spirit, fixing our <u>hope</u> completely on the <u>grace</u> to be brought to us at the *revelation* of Jesus the Messiah. (I Peter 1:13)

3. In **our text** tonight **Isaiah** introduces us to two men, **Shebna** and **Eliakim**. **Shebna** was a **steward** who was in charge of the **royal household**, a *high* **position** right **next** to the **king**. However, **God** was **displeased** with **Shebna** because he sought to **exalt** his **future status**, and brought "**shame**" on his **master's house**. Because of this, **Shebna** was **deposed** from **his office**, and would **die** in **captivity** (22:15-19).

<u>Eliakim</u>, the son of <u>Hilkiah</u>, was then <u>elevated</u> to take the place of <u>Shebna</u>. He was a <u>godly man</u> who was <u>entrusted</u> with <u>great authority</u>, having the "<u>key</u> of the <u>house</u> of <u>David</u>" on his shoulders. He would become a "<u>father</u>" to the inhabitants of <u>Jerusalem</u>. The <u>Lord</u> would <u>drive him</u> like "<u>a peg</u> in a <u>firm place</u>," and on <u>this peg</u> would "<u>hang</u>" all the <u>glory</u> of <u>his father's house</u>. (22:20-24)

*Personal Application → May God *drive* each of us as "a peg in a firm place." May we, like Shebna, be faithful and steadfast in that which He has entrusted us, and may God "hang on us" that which will be to the praise of His glory.