Our Amazing **Bible**... The **Written Word** of **God**

We believe that our God and Creator has communicated the knowledge of Himself and His purposes to man¹. We believe the means by which God communicates to man is through general and special revelation.

General revelation is *truth* about God that is communicated through nature and surrounding environment². It is available to men at all times. Special revelation is *truth* that is given by God at "special" times to specific people. God gave special revelation to human messengers through various means such as miracles, dreams and visions, angelic messengers, and by direct communication³.

Many of these chosen **messengers** were known as **prophets**⁴ and **apostles**⁵. The **holy scriptures**, both **Old** and **New Testaments**, are the *written* **record** of these "**special**" **revelations**.

These written records were recognized as being "divinely inspired" and the authoritative word of God⁷.

They were uniquely preserved⁸ throughout the ages, and were eventually collected⁹ and grouped together.

The process of collecting, determining their authority, and grouping them together was called canonization¹⁰.

The end result of this process---our incomparable Bible.

We believe the Bible, both the Tanach (Old Testament) and the Brit Chadasha (New Testament), to be the written record of God's special revelation to man concerning His person, principles, and purposes.

¹ (Deuteronomy 29:29) (Isaiah 45:18-19)

² (Psalm 19:1-3) (Jeremiah 51:15) (Romans 1:19-20)

³ (Deuteronomy 18:18) (Jeremiah 1:9) (Hebrews 1:1-2)

⁴ (Exodus 24:1-4) (I Samuel 3:1-3) (Zechariah 1:1) (Ephesians 3:4-5) (Hebrews 1:1)

⁵ (Galatians 1:1, 11-12) (Ephesians 3:4-5)

⁶ (II Peter 1:20-21) (II Timothy 3:16-17)

⁷ (Joshua 1:8) (II Kings 23:1-3) (Acts 2:42) (II Timothy 3:16-17) (II Peter 3:14-16)

⁸ (Psalm 12:6-7)

⁹ (Deuteronomy 31:26) (Ezra 7:6) (II Peter 3:14-16) (Colossians 4:16)

¹⁰ (The process by which certain books were recognized as possessing divine authority)

We believe the Bible to be the divinely inspired word of God¹¹.

In the context of the scriptures, the word inspiration means "God breathed," which literally means God "breathing" through His Spirit¹² into God's messenger the very words He intends to communicate.

We believe the Spirit of God so guided and superintended the writers of the Bible, that they wrote all that He wanted them to write, but with their own unique personalities and writing style 13 as a part of the process.

Because its *source* is from **God**, *we believe* the **Bible** to be **inerrant**¹⁴ in its *original* **writings**. This means that it contains **truth**, without any "**mixture** of **error**". Though **copyist errors** have been detected in its many *translations*, no essential **meaning** or **truth** contained in the **texts** has been **changed**.

We believe the **Bible** to be completely **trustworthy**, and the **supreme** and **final authority** on *all* matters of **faith and practice**¹⁵. We believe the **scriptures** to be the source of **spiritual life**¹⁶, **sustenance**¹⁷, **light**¹⁸, and **righteousness**¹⁹.

We believe it is the Holy Spirit who illuminates²⁰ believers to biblical truth, and that the learning of God's word is essential to spiritual growth and maturity²¹.

We also believe that writings such as the Talmud²², Apocrypha²³, and other extra-biblical teachings, and rabbinical writings may have valuable commentary on scripture and history. However, we do not consider these writings and commentary to be the divinely inspired word of God, and thus, do not accept them as having the binding authority over faith and practice that the Bible has.

¹¹ (Exodus 31:18) (Deuteronomy 18:18) (Nehemiah 9:30) (II Timothy 3:16-17) (II Peter 1:20-21)

¹² (Nehemiah 9:30) (Zechariah 7:12) (John 14:26) (I Corinthians 2:10-12)

¹³ (II Samuel 23:2) (II Peter 1:20-21)

¹⁴ (Proverbs 30:5-6) (Psalm 19:7-8) (I Thessalonians 2:13) (II Peter 1:12-21)

¹⁵ (Joshua 1:8) (II Timothy 3:16-17)

¹⁶ (Deuteronomy 32:44-47) (John 20:31) (I Peter 1:22-33)

¹⁷ (Deuteronomy 8:3) (Matthew 4:4) (I Peter 2:2-3)

¹⁸ (Psalm 119:105) (II Corinthians 4:4, 6) (Philippians 2:15-16)

¹⁹ (Psalm 119:144, 172) (II Timothy 3:16-17)

²⁰ (Exodus 31:3) (Isaiah 11:2) (John 14:26) (Ephesians 1:16-17)

²¹ (Psalm 1:1-3) (Psalms chapter 119) (Romans 15:4) (II Timothy 2:15) (I Peter 2:2)

²² Talmud (study or learning) The written arrangement of the "Oral Law" consisting of the Mishna and Gemara (non-scriptural laws and commentary regarded as having biblical authority).

²³ The Protestant designation for the 14 or 15 books of doubtful authenticity and authority, which are not found in the Hebrew Old Testament, but are in the manuscripts of the Septuagint (LXX).

Why we Believe that the **Bible** is **Divinely Inspired**

A. The **Claim** for **Inspiration**

1. Central Passages

All Scripture is <u>inspired</u> by God and profitable for *teaching*, for *reproof*, for *correction*, for *training in righteousness*; so that the man of God may be adequate, equipped for every good work. (II Timothy 3:16-17)

But know this first of all, that **no** *prophecy* of **Scripture** is *a matter* of **one's own interpretation**, for **no** *prophecy* was **ever** made by an *act* of **human will**, but **men** moved by the <u>Holy Spirit</u> <u>spoke</u> from <u>God</u>. (II Peter 1:20-21)

1. Old Testament Claim

- a. *Within* the **Old Testament** itself, it declares **3808 times** that it *conveys* the **express** <u>words</u> of <u>God</u> (Rene Pache)
- b. **Jesus claimed** the **Old Testament** to be the **word of God**. (John 10:34-35, Matthew 5:17-18, 19:4-5)

2. New Testament Claim

- a. Every book in the New Testament has been *authored* by an <u>apostle</u> or close associate, and has *within it* some claim to <u>divine authority</u>.
- b. The early church accepted the New Testament writings as the word of God.
- c. **Jesus guaranteed** the <u>inspiration</u> of the **New Testament** by **promising** to **lead His disciples** (the **apostles**) into "all <u>truth</u>" through the **Holy Spirit**. (John 16:13, 14:26)

B. The Evidence for Inspiration

- 1. Evidence from "within" our belief system and believing community
 - a. The *evidence* of its <u>own authority</u>—The **Bible** speaks with its *own* authority when it says, "thus <u>says</u> the Lord." (Job 38)
 - b. The *evidence* of the **testimony** of the <u>Holy Spirit</u>—The Holy Spirit bears <u>witness</u> within believers that the <u>Bible</u> is the inspired word of God (II Peter 1:20-21)

c. The *evidence* of the <u>transforming</u> ability of the <u>Bible</u>—The <u>transforming</u> power of the Bible has always been one of the <u>strongest</u> <u>evidences</u> of its own <u>divine</u> origin. <u>Multitudes</u> down through the <u>centuries</u> have been <u>converted</u> and <u>changed</u>, and numerous <u>societal</u> reforms have resulted from the <u>powerful</u> influence of <u>biblical</u> <u>truths</u> and <u>principles</u>.

There is an unending line of testimonials giving witness to the dynamic life-changing power of the divinely inspired Scriptures.

- 2. **Evidence** that can be examined **"outside"** of our **beliefs** that *all* can **witness**
 - a. The *evidence* from the **special** <u>unity</u> of the **Bible**—One of the most often repeated arguments for the **inspiration** of the **Bible** is its **amazing** <u>unity</u>.

Although comprised of **66 books**, written by **40 authors**, over a period of **1500 years**, the **Bible contains** an **unmistakable unity**.

- b. The evidence from the <u>historical</u> accuracy of the <u>Bible</u>
 Because the <u>Bible</u> contains a <u>historical record</u>, it is subject to tests of truth and accuracy.

 Archaeology, as well as the discovery of written documents (ex. Dead Sea scrolls), confirm the Bible's accuracy when it cites <u>historical</u> data.
- c. The *evidence* of the **Bible's apparent <u>indestructability</u>** In spite of **incredible <u>opposition</u>** throughout the **ages**, the Bible's **continuing <u>existence</u>** and tremendous <u>influence</u> give *evidence* that like its **Author**, it is <u>indestructible</u>.
- d. The *evidence* of the <u>influence</u> of the <u>Bible</u>—The profound <u>influence</u> that the <u>Bible</u> has had attests to its <u>divine inspiration</u> and *supernatural* character. Its <u>influence</u> is <u>powerful</u>, and it continues to be in <u>every age</u> at the <u>top</u> of the <u>all-time</u> "best seller's" list.
- e. The *evidence* from <u>prophetic</u> fulfillment—The most forceful testimony that the Bible is divinely inspired scripture is *fulfilled* <u>prophecy</u>. The power to <u>predict</u> and *accurately* bring to pass what was declared belongs to <u>God only</u>, for He alone knows the end from the beginning.

<u>Prophecy fulfillment</u> offers concrete <u>proof</u> of the Bible being the <u>word of God</u>, the <u>divinely inspired written record</u>, of <u>God's special revelation</u>, of <u>His Person</u>, <u>principles</u>, and <u>purposes</u> to <u>man</u>.

Closing Exhortation