## The Book of Romans

- I. Paul's Introduction to his Letter (1:1-17)
- II. Paul *Declares* Man's <u>Need</u> for God's <u>Salvation</u> and <u>Righteousness</u> (1:18-3:20)
  - A. He *Describes* how the <u>Wrath</u> of God is now against *all* Ungodliness and Unrighteousness of Men (1:18-32)
  - B. He *Denounces* those who <u>Judge</u> the Unrighteousness of others, yet <u>Practice it</u> themselves (2:1-29)
  - C. He *Decries* the Unrighteousness of the <u>Jews</u> (2:17-3:20)

## III. Paul *Delivers* his Gospel Message of Righteousness by Faith in Messiah

(3:21-5:21)

- A. He *Declares* that **Righteousness** is *through* <u>Faith</u> in <u>Jesus the Messiah</u> (3:21-31)
  - 1. A *Righteousness* that is according to <u>Faith</u>, *apart* from the <u>Law</u> (3:21-23)

21 But now apart from the Law the <u>righteousness</u> of God has been manifested, being witnessed by the Law and the Prophets,

<sup>22</sup> even the <u>righteousness</u> of God through <u>faith</u> in <u>Jesus the Messiah</u> for all those who **believe**; for there is **no distinction**;

<sup>23</sup> for all have sinned and fall short of the glory of God,

- 2. A *Righteousness* that **results** in **our** <u>Justification</u> (3:24-31)
- a. Being *justified* as a **gift** according to **grace** (3:24a)
- b. Being *justified* through the <u>redemption</u> provided by Messiah (3:24b-26)
- c. Being *justified* by a "law of <u>faith</u>," and *not* by the works of the <u>Law</u> (3:27-31)

<sup>24</sup> being <u>iustified</u> as a *gift* by **His** <u>grace</u> through the **redemption** which is in **Messiah Jesus**;

<sup>25</sup> whom **God displayed** *publicly* as a **propitiation** in **His blood** through **faith**.

This was to demonstrate His righteousness, because in the forbearance of God He passed over the sins previously committed;

of His righteousness at the *present* time, so that He would be <u>just</u> and the <u>justifier</u> of the **one** who has <u>faith</u> in Jesus.

<sup>27</sup> Where then is boasting? It is excluded. By what kind of law? Of works? No, but by a <u>law of faith</u>.

<sup>28</sup> For we maintain that **a man** is **justified by faith apart** from **works of the Law**.

Or is God the God of Jews only?
 Is He not the God of Gentiles also? Yes, of Gentiles also,
 since indeed God who will justify the circumcised by faith and the uncircumcised through faith is one.

<sup>31</sup> Do we then <u>nullify</u> the Law through <u>faith</u>?
May it never be! On the contrary, we <u>establish</u> the Law.

## Message Summary **Defining** the *terms* of our <u>Salvation</u> in <u>Messiah</u>

- A. What does it mean to have "faith in Jesus?" (3:22, 26)

  Faith--"pistis"→ "firm persuasion," a conviction based upon hearing

  To have faith in Jesus means that you believe in Jesus as Messiah

  and Lord, and that you fully trust in Him, and His sacrificial death,

  for salvation, forgiveness of sins, and eternal life.
- B. What is the "Righteousness of God?" (3:22, 25, 26)

  Righteousness—"dikaiosune"→ "the character or quality of being right or just," Righteousness is the attribute of God that declares Him to be upright, equitable, and just. Tonight we read how that God "demonstrated" His righteousness through the redeeming sacrifice of Jesus. Because of this "just" act by God, we can now receive not only redemption, but also the "gift" of His righteousness (3:21-26, 5:17).

- C. What does it mean to be "Justified?" (3:24, 28) Justify/Justification—"dikaioo/dikaiosis"→ the *legal* and *formal* acquittal from guilt by God as Judge—the pronouncement of the sinner as one who is now "righteous" through faith in Jesus.
- D. *What* is "**Redemption?**" (3:24) **Redemption—"apolutrosis"** → to "release" upon payment of a price, In Romans 3:24, it means to release, or deliver from the guilt of sins, through the ransom price of Messiah's death.
- E. *What* is "**Propitiation?**" (3:25) **Propitiation**—"hilasterion" → the satisfaction of God's righteous demands, Messiah, through the shedding of His blood, became our "propitiation," our "place of mercy" (mercy-seat). Jesus, through His sacrificial death, "is the personal means by whom God shows the mercy of His justifying grace to the sinner who believes."
- F. What are the "works of the Law?" (3:28) works—"ergon" → deeds or acts, The works of the Law are the deeds and acts that are done to fulfill the Mosaic Law. "By the works of the Law no flesh will be justified...(3:20)," "for all have sinned and fall short of the glory of God (3:23)." "But now apart from the Law the righteousness of God has been **manifested**... even the righteousness of God through faith in

"No one can stand before a holy God on the basis of his own efforts, even if those efforts include a hearty attempt at keeping the works of the law."

Jesus the Messiah (3:21-22)."

("Got Questions Ministry")

(What are the works of the law (Romans 3:20; Galatians 2:16)?

## Personal Application "Justification"—Our "Ticket" to Glory

But now apart from the Law the righteousness of God has been manifested,...

even the righteousness of God through faith in Jesus the Messiah

for all those who believe; for there is no distinction; for all have sinned and fall short of the glory of God,

being <u>iustified</u> as a *gift* by **His** *grace* through the **redemption** which is in **Messiah Jesus**; (Romans 3:21-24)

Or do you not know that the **unrighteous** will **not inherit** the **kingdom of God**?...

Such were **some of you**;

but you were washed,
but you were sanctified,
but you were justified
in the name of the Lord Jesus the Messiah
and in the Spirit of our God.
(I Corinthians 6:9a, 11)

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Therefore, having been <u>justified</u> by <u>faith</u>, we have *peace* with God through our Lord Jesus the Messiah, through whom also we have obtained our introduction by faith into this <u>grace</u> in which we stand; and we exult in hope of the glory of God. (Romans 5:1)

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For those whom **He** *foreknew*, **He** also *predestined*... and these whom **He** *predestined*, **He** also *called*; and these whom **He** *called*, **He** also *justified*; and these whom **He** *justified*, **He** also *glorified*. (Romans 8:30)

**Closing Comments**